

# GRID-CONNECTED PV INVERTER

**User Manual** 

LHS-LV-3.6K F1 LHS-LV-5K F1 LHS-LV-6K F1





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# **SAFETY LNTRODUCTIONS**

#### **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

The manual mainly describes the product information, guidelines for installation, operation and maintenance. The manual cannot include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system.

#### **HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL**

Read the manual and other related documents before performing any operation on the inverter. Documents must be stored carefully and be available at all times.

Contents may be periodically updated or revised due to product development. The information in this manual is subject to change without notice.

#### **SAFETY INTRODUCTIONS**

#### LABELS DESCRIPTION

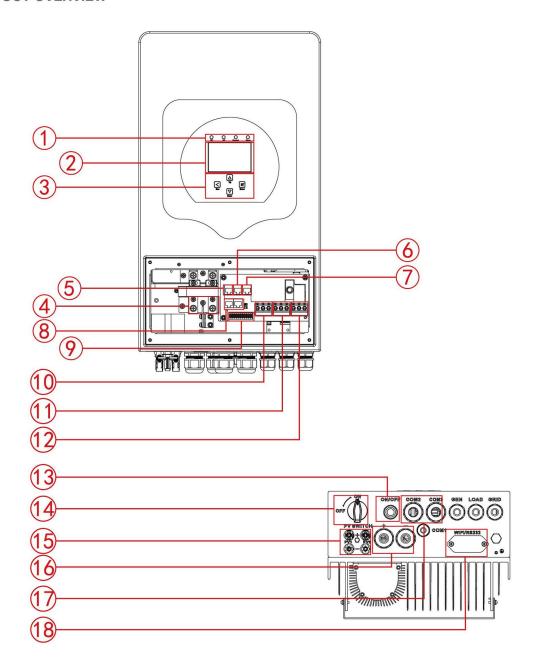
Label	Description
	Caution, risk of electric shock symbol indicates important safety instructions, which if not correctly followed, could result in electric shock.
$\triangle$	The DC input terminals of the inverter must not be grounded.
	Surface high temperature, Please do not touch the inverter case.
A Comin	The AC and DC circuits must be disconnected separately, and the maintenance personnel must wait for 5 minutes before they are completely powered off before they can start working.
CE	CE mark of conformity
( <u>i</u>	Please read the instructions carefully before use
	Symbol for the marking ofelectrical and electronics devices according to Directive 2002/96/EC, Indicates that the device, accessories and the packaging must not be disposed as unsorted municipal waste and must be collected separately at the end of the usage. Please follow Local Ordinances or Regulations for disposal or contact an authorized representative of the manufacturer for information concerning the decommissioning of equipment.

- This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual forfuture reference.
- Before using the inverter, please read the instructions and warning signs of the battery and corresponding sections in the instruction manual.
- Do not disassemble the inverter. If you need maintenance or repair, take it to a professional service center.
- Improper reassembly may result in electric shock or fire.
- To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wires before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- Caution: Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- Never charge a frozen battery
- For optimum operation of this inverter, please follow required specification to select appropriate cable size. It
  is very important to correctly operate this inverter.
- Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. Dropping a tool may cause a spark
  or short circuit in batteries or other electrical parts, even cause an explosion.
- Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals Please refer to "Installation" section of this manual for the details.
- Grounding instructions this inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system, Be sure
  to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- Never cause AC output and Dc input short circuited. Do not connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.

#### **PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS**

This is a multifunctional inverter, combining functions of inverter, solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. its comprehensive LCD display offers user configurable and easy accessible button operation such as battery charging AC/solar charging, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

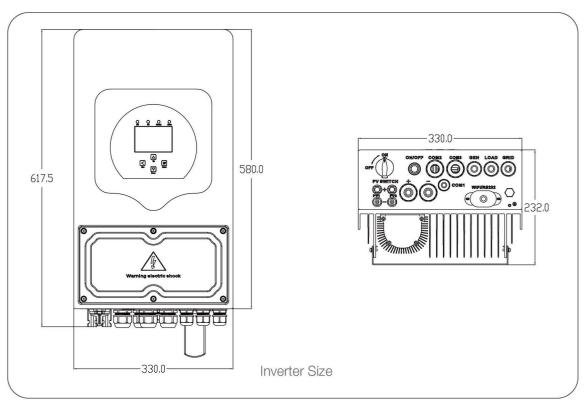


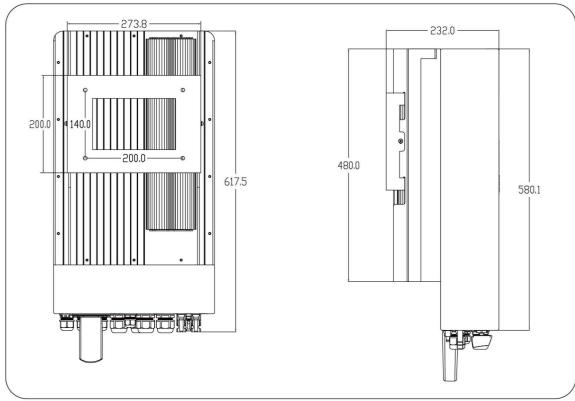
- 1: Inverter Indicators
- 2: LcD display
- 3: Function Buttons
- 4: Battery input connectors
- 5: RS 485/Meter Port
- 6: BMS 485/CAN Port

- 7: DRMs Port
- 8: Parallel port
- 9: Function Port
- 10: Generator input
- 11: Load
- 12: Grid

- 13: Power on/off button
- 14: DC Switch
- 15: PVinput with two MPPT
- 16: Battery
- 17: Temperature sensor
- 18: WiFi Interface

#### **PRODUCT SIZE**





#### **PRODUCT FEATURES**

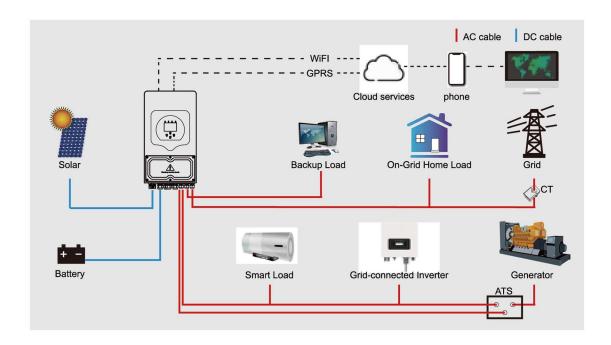
- Self-consumption and feed-in to the grid
- Auto restart while AC is recovering
- Programmable supply priority for battery or grid
- Programmable multiple operation modes: On grid, off grid and UPS
- Configurable battery charging current/voltage based on applications by LCD setting
- Configurable AC/Solar/Generator Charger priority by LCD setting
- Overload/over temperature/short circuit protection
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- With limit function, prevent excess power overflow to the grid
- Supporting WIFI monitoring and build-in 2 strings of MPP tracker
- Smart settable three stages MPpT charging for optimized battery performance
- Time of use function
- Smart Load Function

#### **BASIC SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE**

The following illustration shows basic application of this inverter. It also includes following devices to have a Complete running system.

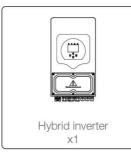
- Generator or Utilit
- PV module

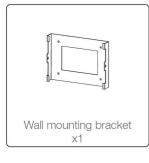
Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor type appliances such as refrigerator and air conditioner.



#### **PRODUCT FEATURES**

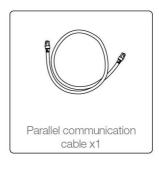
Check the equipment before installation. Please make sure nothing is damaged in the package. You should have received the items in the following package:

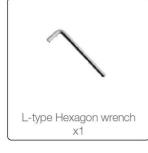


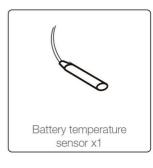


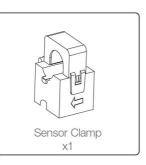


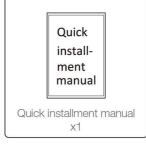


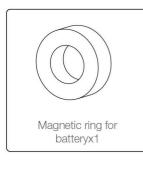


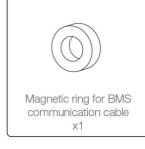






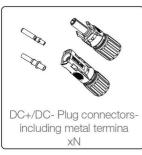










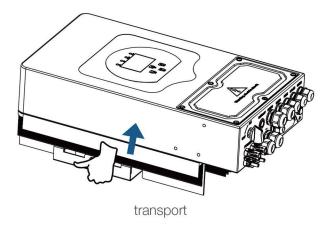




\*One for CT's output wire, another for external temperature sensor,and the other two for AC wires.

#### PRODUCT HANDLING REQUIREMENTS

Lift the inverter out of the packing box and transport it to designated installation location.





#### **CAUTION:**

Improper handling may cause personal injury!

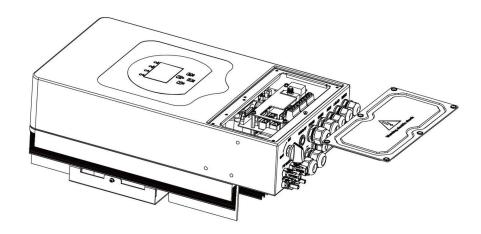
- Arrange an appropriate number of personnel to carry the inverter accordin to its weight, and installation personnel should wear protective equipment such as anti-impact shoes and gloves.
- Placing the inverter directly on a hard ground may cause damage to its metlenclosure. Protective materials such as sponge pad or foam cushion should be placed underneath the inverter.
- Move the inverter by one or two people or by using a proper transport tool
- Move the inverter by holding the handles on it. Do not move the inverter bholding the terminals.

#### **MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS**

This Hybrid inverter is designed for outdoor use(IP65), Please make sure the installation site meets below conditions:

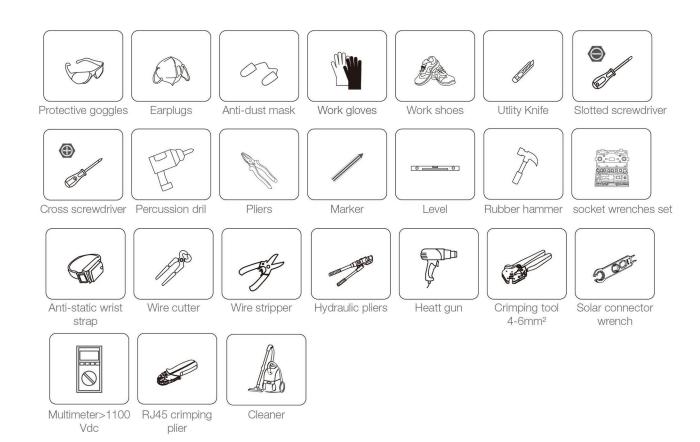
- Not in direct sunligh
- Not in areas where highly flammable materials are stored
- Not in potential explosive areas
- Not in the cool air directly
- Not near the television Antenna or antenna cable
- Not higher than altitude of about 2000 meters above sea level
- Not in environment of precipitation or humidity(>95%

Please AVOID direct sunlight, rain exposure, snow laying up during installation and operation. Before connecting all wires, please take off the metal cover by removing screws as shown below:

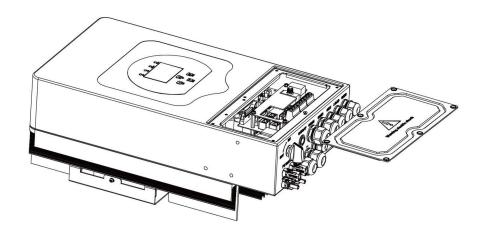


#### **INSTALLATIONS TOOLS**

Installation tools can refer to the following recommended ones. Also, use other auxiliary toolson site.

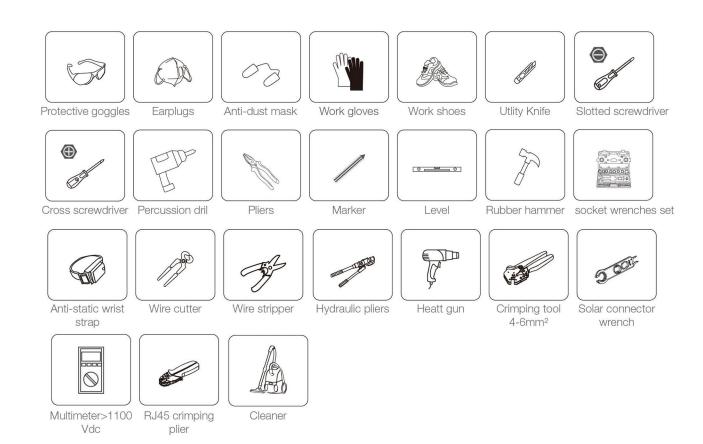


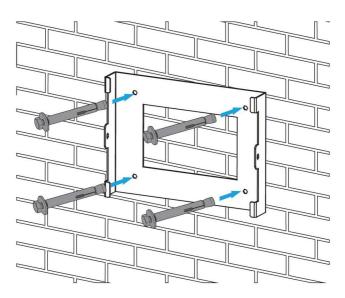
Please AVOID direct sunlight, rain exposure, snow laying up during installation and operation. Before connecting all wires, please take off the metal cover by removing screws as shown below:



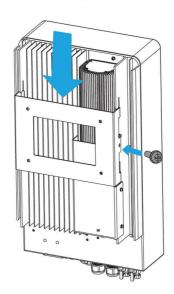
#### **INSTALLATIONS TOOLS**

Installation tools can refer to the following recommended ones. Also, use other auxiliary toolson site.





Inverter hanging plate installation



#### **BATTERY CONNECTION**

For safe operation and compliance, a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device is required between the battery and the inverter. In some applications, switching devices may not be required but over-current protectors are still required. Refer to the typical amperage in the table below for the required fuse or circuit breaker size.

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm²)	Torque value(max)
3.6KW	2AWG	25	5.2Nm
5KW	1AWG	35	5.2Nm
6KW	0AWG	50	5.2Nm



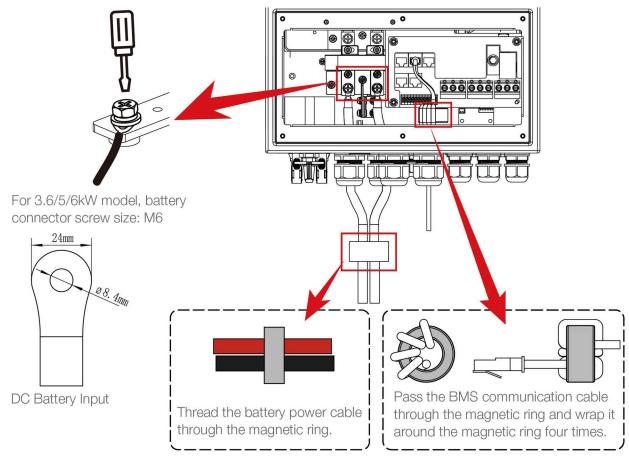
All wiring must be performed by a professional person.



Connecting the battery with a suitable cable is important for safe and efficient operation of the system. To reduce the risk of injury, refer to Chart 3-2 for recommended cables.

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- Please choose a suitable battery cable with correct connector which can well fit into the battery terminals.
- Use a suitable screwdriver to unscrew the bolts and fit the battery connectors in, then fasten the bolt by the screwdriver, make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 5.2 Nm in clockwise direction.
- Make sure polarity at both the battery and inverter is correctly connected.



 In case of children touch or insects go into the inverter, Please make sure the invert connector is fasten to waterproof position by twist it clockwise.

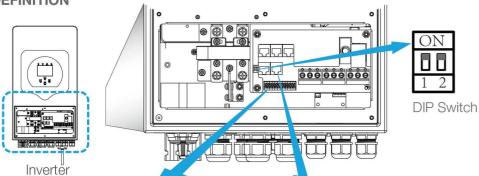


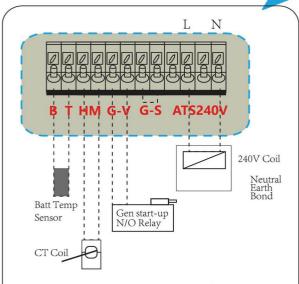
Installation must be performed with care.



Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnect, be sure positive(+) must be connect to positive(+) and negative(-) must be connected to negative(-). Reverse polarity connection on battery will damage the inverter.

#### **FUNCTION PORT DEFINITION**

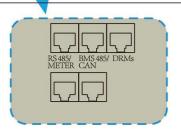




BT: battery temperature sensor for lead acid battery.

HM: current transformer for "zero export to CT" mode.

GV/GS: dry contact signal for startup the diesel generator.



RS 485/METER: RS 485 port for meter communication.

BMS 485/CAN: BMS 485 port for battery communication.

DRMs: for Australia market only.

Parallel 1: Parallel communication port 1 (CAN interface).

Parallel 2: Parallel communication port 2 (CAN interface).

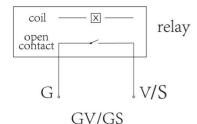
when the "GEN signal" is active, the open contact (Gv/Gs) will switch on (no voltage output). Iif the "Signal ISLAND MODE" is ticked, the Gs port will be the dry contact signal for startup the diesel generator.f "Signal ISLAND MODE" is not ticked, the GV port will be the dry contact signal for startup the diesel generator.

ATS: 230V output port when inverter is on.

DIP switch: Parallel communication resistor If the number of inverters in the parallel system is less than or equal to 6, all inverter's DIP switch (1&2) need be ON position.

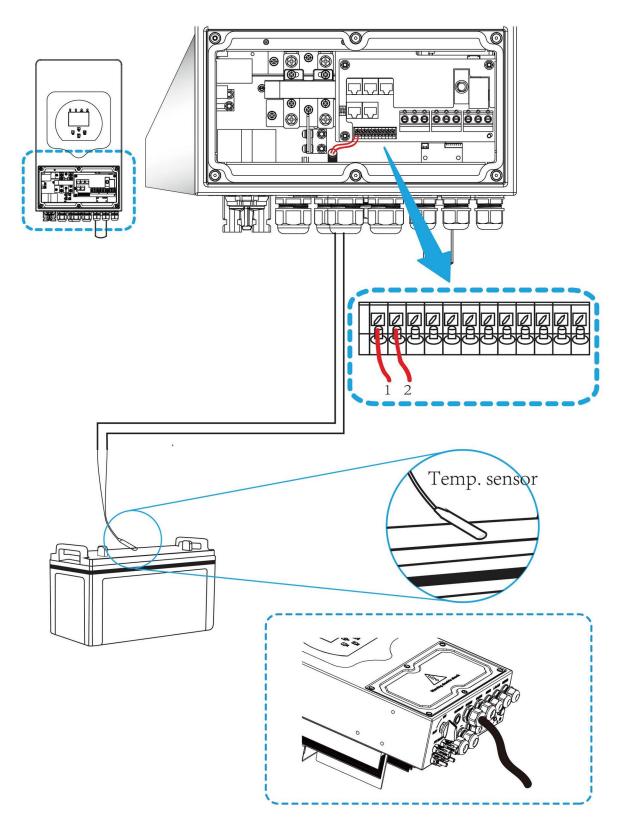
If the number of inverters in parallel system exceeds 6, the main 6pcs inverter's DIP switch needs to be ON position. And the other

inverter DIP switch (1&2) needs to be OFF position.



(diesel generator startup signal)

#### TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTION FOR LEAD-ACID BATTERY



#### GRID CONNECTION AND BACKUP LOAD CONNECTION

- Before connecting to the grid, a separate AC breaker must be installed between the inverter and the grid, and also between the backup load and the inverter. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current. For the 3.6/5/6kW model, the recommended AC breaker for backup load is 40A. For the 3.6/5/6kW model, the recommended AC breaker for grid is 40A.
- There are three terminal blocks with "Grid" "Load" and "GEN" markings. Please do not misconnect input and output connectors.



#### Note:

In final installation, breaker certified according to IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-2 shall be installed with the equipment.

All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel. It is very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable as below.

#### Grid connection and backup load connection (Copper wires)

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm²)	Torque value(max)
3.6/5KW	12AWG	2.5	1.2Nm
6KW	10AWG	4	1.2Nm

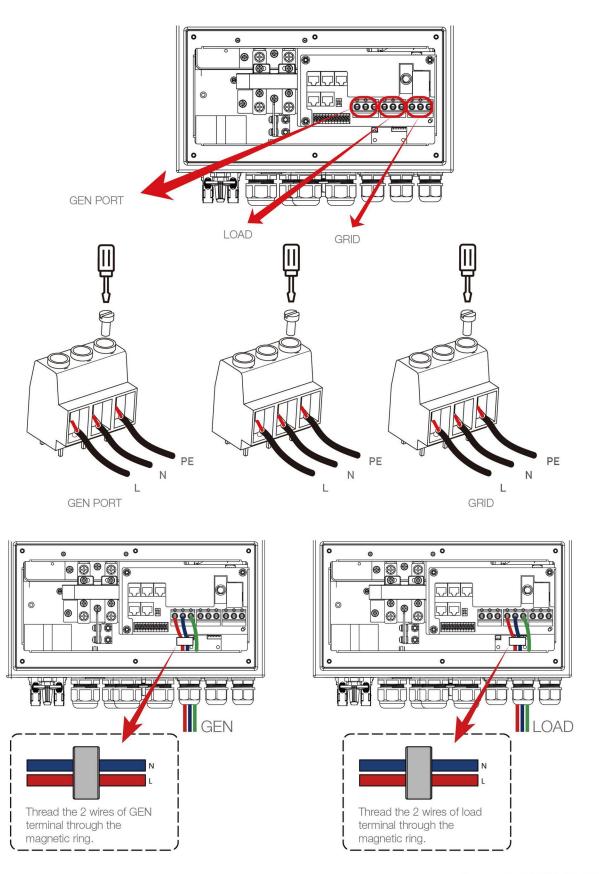
#### Grid connection and backup load connection (Copper wires)

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm²)	Torque value(max)
3.6/5/6KW	8AWG	6	1.2Nm

Chart 3-3 Recommended Size for AC wires

#### PLEASE FOLLOW BELOW STEPS TO IMPLEMENT AC INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTION:

- Before making Grid, load and Gen port connection, be sure to turn off AC breaker disconnector first.
- Remove insulation sleeve 10mm length, unscrew the bolts. For GRID port, just insert the wires into the
  terminals according to polarities indicated on the terminal block. For GEN and Load ports, thread the wires
  through the magnetic ring firstly, then insert these wires into the terminals according to polarities indicated
  on the terminal block. Tighten the terminal screws and make sure the wires are completely and safely
  connected.





Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to wire it to the unit.

- Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten terminal.Be sure to connect corresponding N wires and PE wires to related terminals as well.
- Make sure the wires are securely connected.
- Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2-3 minutes to restart because it is required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuit. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it is equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter will trigger overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner

#### **PV CONNECTION**

Before connecting to PV modules, please install a separately DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules. It is very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm²)
3.6/5/6KW	12AWG	4

Chart 3-4 Cable size



To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possible current leakage to the inverter. For example, grounded PV modules will cause current leakage to the inverter. When using PV modules, please ensure the PV+ & PV-of solar panel is not connected to the system ground bar



It is requested to use PV junction box with surge protection. Otherwise, it will cause damage on inverter when lightning occurs on PV modules.

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#### **PV MODULE SELECTION:**

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- Open circuit -Voltage (Voc) of PV-modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. start voltage.
- The PV modules used to connected to this inverter shall be Class A rating certified according to IEC 61730.

Inverter Model	3.6KW	5KW	6KW	
PV Input Voltage	370V (125V-500V)			
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	150V-425V			
No.of MPP Trackers	2			
No.of Strings per MPP Tracker	1+1			

Chart 3-5

#### PV MODULE WIRE CONNECTION:

- Switch the Grid Supply Main Switch(AC)OF
- Switch the DC Isolator OF
- Assemble PV input connector to the inverte



#### Safety Hint:

When using PV modules, please ensure the PV+ & PV- of solar panel is not connected to the system ground bar.



#### Safety Hint:

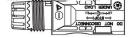
Before connection, please make sure the polarity of the output voltage of PV array matches the "DC+" and "DC-" symbols.



#### Safety Hint:

Before connecting inverter, please make sure the PV array open circuit voltage is within the 500V of the inverter.









Pic 3.1 DC+ male connector

Pic 3.2 DC- female connector

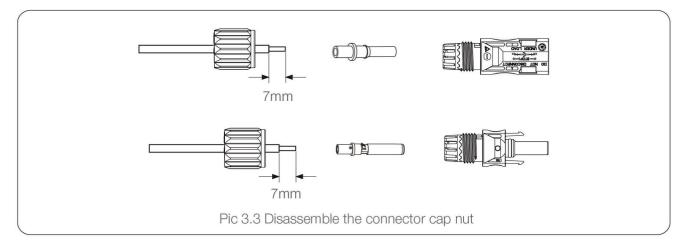


# Safety Hint:

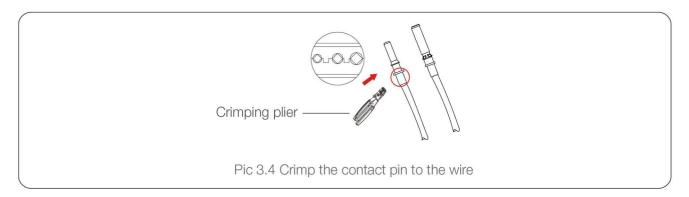
Please use approved Dc cable for PV system.

The steps to assemble the DC connectors are listed as follows

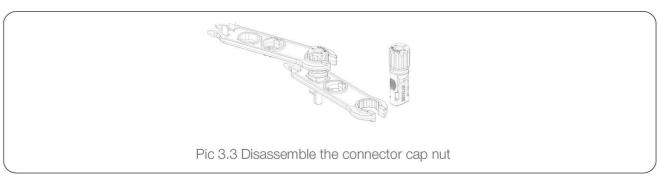
- Strip off the DC wire about 7mm, disassemble the connector cap nut(see picture 3.3).



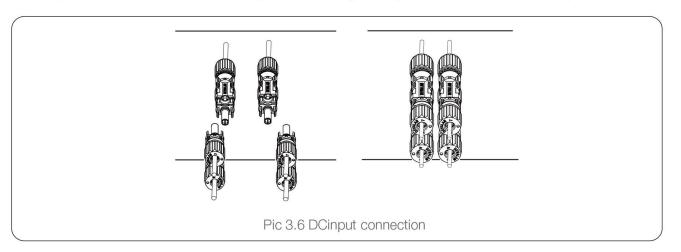
- Crimping metal terminals with crimping pliers as shown in picture 3.4



- Insert the contact pin to the top part of the connector and screw up the cap nut to the top part of the connector. (as shown in picture 3.5).



- Finally insert the DC connector into the positive and negative input of the inverter, shown as picture 3.6.

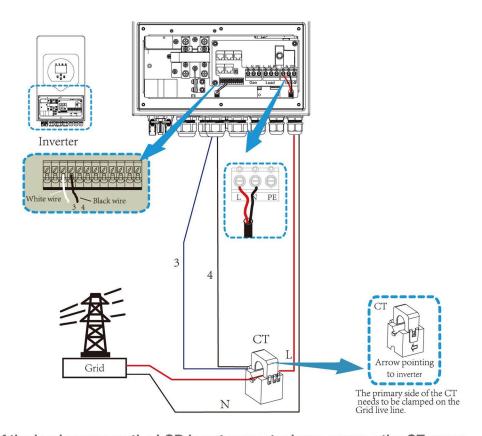




#### Safety Hint:

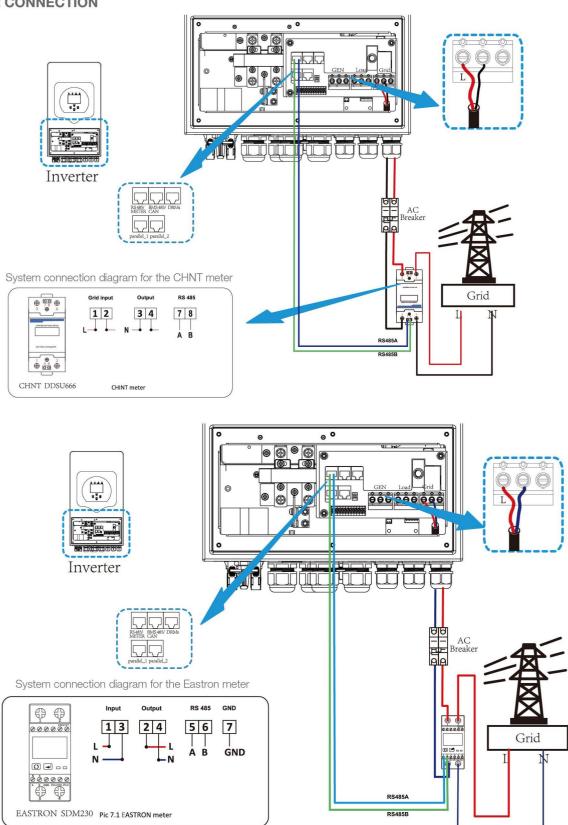
Sunlight shines on the panel will generate voltage, high voltage in series may cause danger to life. Therefore, before connecting the Dc input line, the solar panel needs to be blocked by the opaque material and the DC switch should be 'OFF', otherwise, the high voltage of the inverter may lead to life-threatening conditions.

#### **CT CONNECTION**



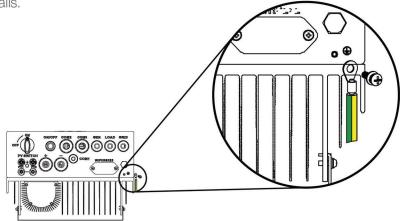
\*Note: when the reading of the load power on the LCD is not correct, please reverse the CT arrow.

#### **METER CONNECTION**



#### **EARTH CONNECTION(MANDATORY)**

Ground cable shall be connected to ground plate on grid side, this prevents electric shock if the original protective conductor fails.



#### Earth connection (Copper wires)

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm²)	Torque value(max)
3.6/5KW	12AWG	2.5	1.2Nm
6KW	10AWG	4	1.2Nm

#### Earth connection (Copper wires) (Bypass)

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm²)	Torque value(max)
3.6/5/6KW	8AWG	6	1.2Nm



#### Warning:

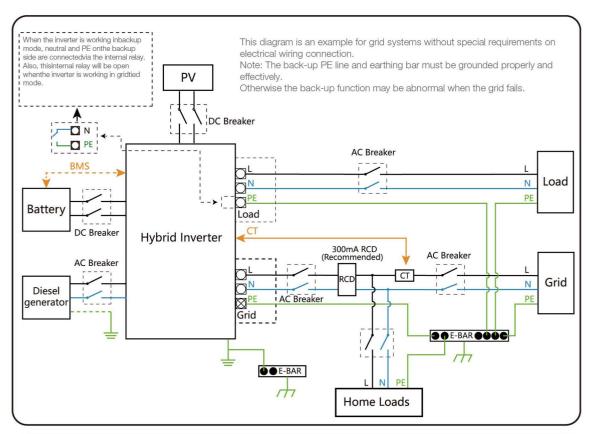
Inverter has built-in leakage current detection circuit, The type A RCD can be connected to the inverter for protection according to the local laws and regulations.

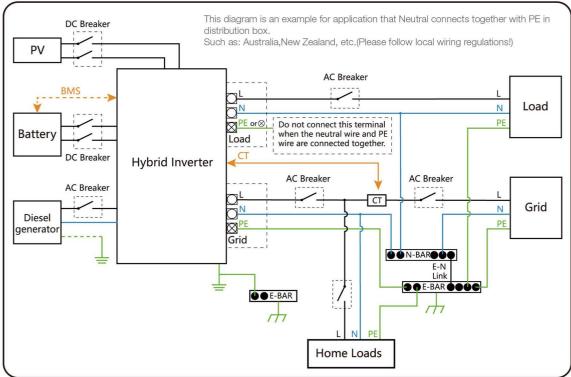
If an external leakage current protection device is connected, its operating current must be equal to 300 mA or higher, otherwise inverter may not work properly.

#### WIFL CONNECTION

For the configuration of Wi-Fi Plug, please refer to illustrations of the Wi-Fi Plug.

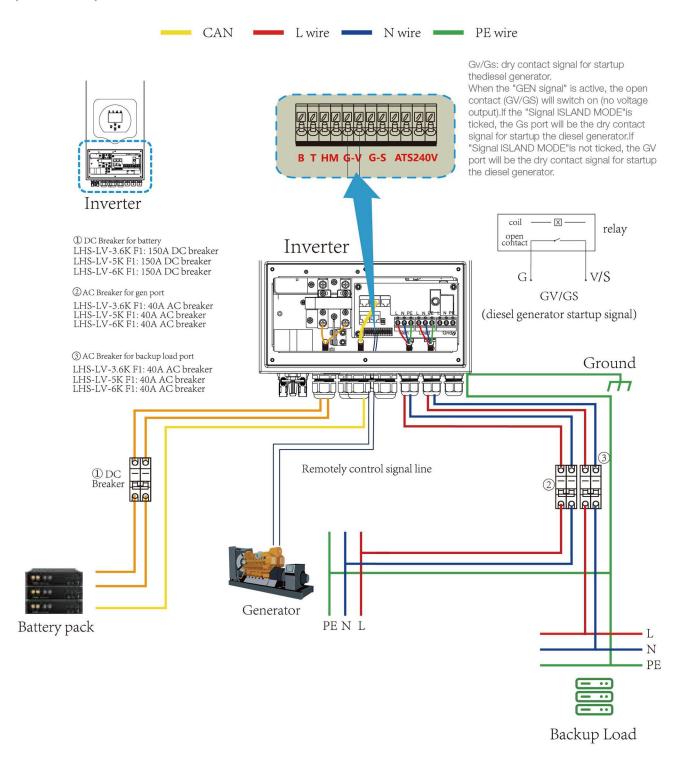
#### WIRING SYSTEM FOR INVERTER



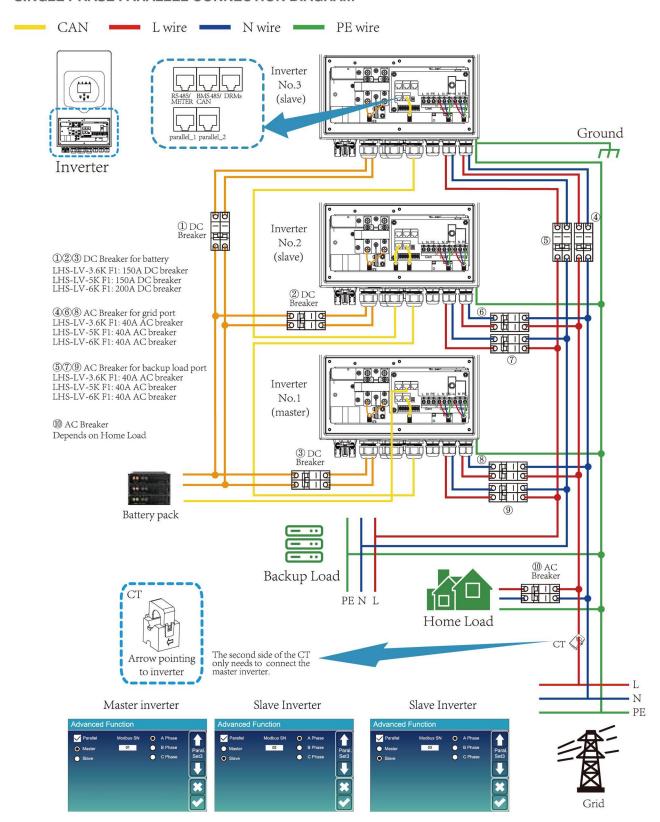


#### TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM OF DIESEL GENERATOR

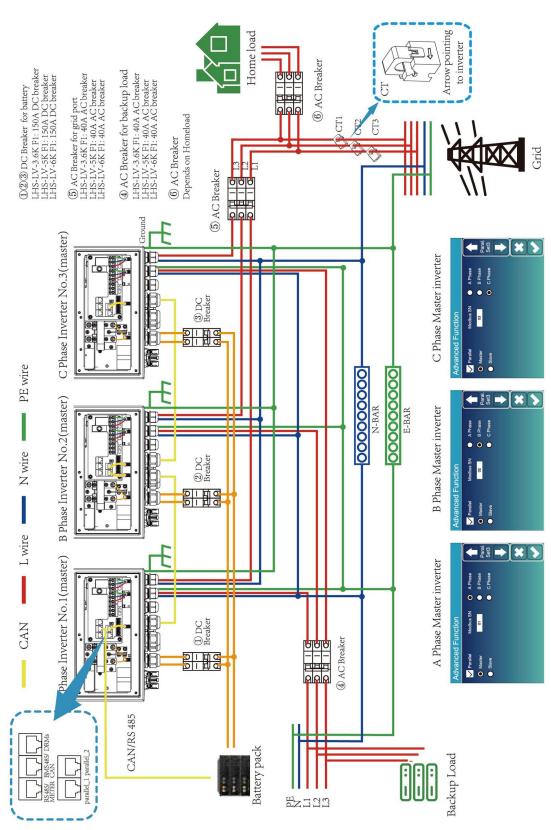
(REGION:EU)



#### SINGLE PHASE PARALLEL CONNECTION DIAGRAM



#### THREE PHASE PARALLELINVERTER



# **OPERATION**

#### **POWER ON/OFF**

Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off button(located on the left side of the case) to turn on the unit. When system without battery connected, but connect with either PV or grid, and ON/OFF button is switched off, LCD will still light up(Display will show OFF), In this condition, when switch on ON/OFF button and select NO battery, system can still work.

#### **OPERATION AND DISPLAY PANEL**

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes four indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/out-put power information.

LED Indicator		Messages
DC	Green led solid light	PV Connection normal
AC	Green led solid light	Grid Connection normal
Norma	Green led solid light	Inverter operating norma
Alarm	Red led solid light	Malfunction or warning

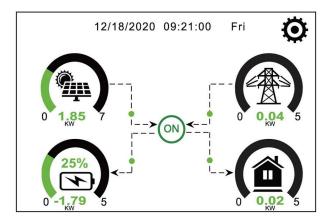
Chart 4-1 LED indicators

Function Key	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
Up	To go to previous selection
Down	To go to next selection
Enter	To confirm the selection

Chart 4-2 Function Buttons

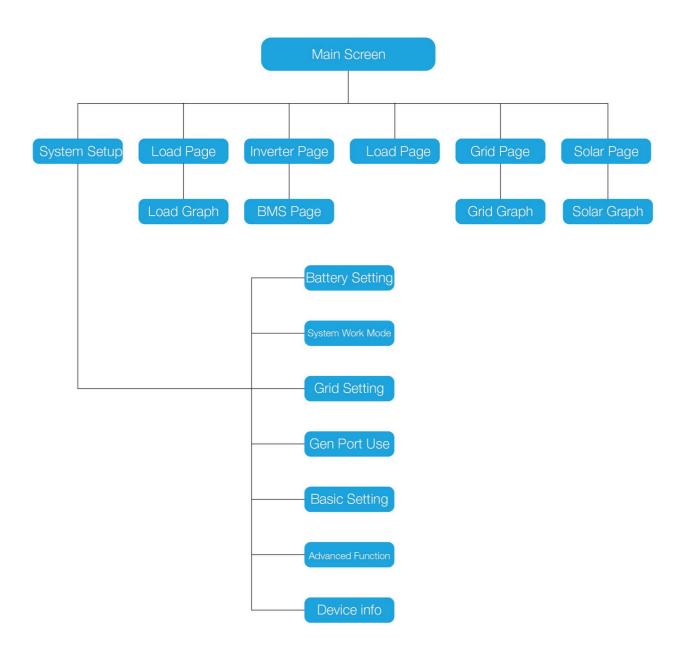
#### **MAIN SCREEN**

The LCD is touchscreen, below screen shows the overall information of the inverter.



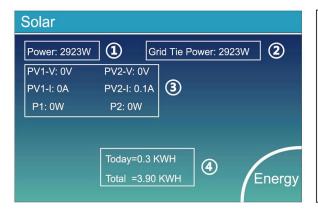
- 1. The icon in the center of the home screen indicates that the system is Normal operation. If it turns into "comm./FXX", it means the inverter has communication errors or other errors, the error message will display under this icon(FXX errors, detail error info can be viewed in the System Alarms menu).
- 2.At the top of the screen is the time.
- 3. System Setup Icon, Press this set button, you can enter into the system setup screen which including Basic Setup, Battery Setup, Grid Setup, System Work Mode, Generator port use, Advanced function and Li-Batt info.
- 4. The main screen showing the info including Solar, Grid, Load and Battery. Its also displaying the energy flow direction by arrow. When the power is approximate to high level, the color on the panels will changing from green to red so system info showing vividly on the main screen.
- PV power and Load power always keep positive.
- Grid power negative means sell to grid, positive means get from grid.
- Battery power negative means charge, positive means discharge.

#### LCD OPERATION FLOW CHART



28

#### **SOLAR POWER CURVE**



This is Solar Panel detail page.

- 1 This is Solar Panel detail page.
- ② Grid Tie Power: when there's a string inverter AC couple at the grid or load side of hybrid inverter and there's a meter installed for the string inverter, then the hybrid inverter LCD will show the string inverter output power on its PV icon. Please make sure the meter can communicate with the hybrid inverter successfully.
- 3 Voltage, Current, Power for each MPPT.
- Solar Panel energy for Day and Total. Press the "Energy "button will enter into the powercurve page.



This is Inverter detail page.

- 1 Inverter Generation.
- 2 0.0Hz: frequency after DC/Ac. Voltage, Current, Power for each Phase.
- 3 \*DC-T: mean DC-DC temperature, AC-T: mean Heat-sink temperature.
  - \*Note: this part info is not available for some LCD FW.



This is Load detail page.

- 1 Load Power.
- 2 Voltage, Power for each Phase.
- 3 Load consumption for Day and Total.

When you check "Selling First" or "Zero export to Load" on system work mode page, the information on this page is about backup load which connect onLoad port of hybrid inverter. When you check "Zero export to CT" on system work mode page, the information on this page is including backup load and home load.

Press the "Energy" button will enter into the powercurve page.



This is Grid detail page.

- 1 Status, Power, Frequency.
- 2 L: Voltage for each Phase
  - CT: Power detected by the external current sensors
  - **LD:** Power detected using internal sensors on AC grid in/out breaker
- 3 BUY: Energy from Grid to Inverter, SELL: Energy from Inverter to grid.

Press the "Energy" button will enter into the power curve page.



This is Battery detail page if you use Lithium Battery, you can enter BMs page

# Mean Voltage:50.34V Charging Voltage:53.2V Total Current:55.00A Discharging Voltage:47.0V Mean Temp:23.5C Charging current:50A Total SOC:38% Discharging current:25A Dump Energy:57Ah Request Force Charge

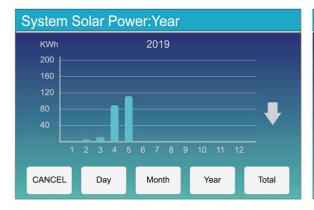
**Request Force Charge:** It indicates the BMS requests hybrid inverter to charge the battery actively.

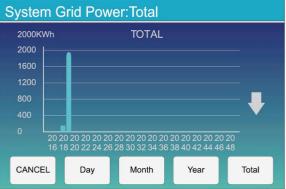
	Volt	Curr	Temp	soc	Energy	Cha	arge	Fault	
						Volt	Curr		
	50.38V	19.70A	30.6C	52.0%	26.0Ah	0.0V	0.0A	0 0 0	
	50.33V	19.10A	31.0C	51.0%	25.5Ah	53.2V	25.0A	0 0 0	Cum
	50.30V	16.90A	30.2C	12.0%	6.0Ah	53.2V	25.0A	0 0 0	Sum
	0.00V	0.00A	0.0C	0.0%	0.0Ah	0.0V	0.0A	0 0 0	Data
5	0.00V	0.00A	0.0C	0.0%	0.0Ah	0.0V	0.0A	0 0 0	
6	0.00V	0.00A	0.0C	0.0%	0.0Ah	0.0V	0.0A	0 0 0	
	0.00V	0.00A	0.0C	0.0%	0.0Ah	0.0V	0.0A	0 0 0	=
	0.00V	0.00A	0.0C	0.0%	0.0Ah	0.0V	0.0A	0 0 0	
	0.00V	0.00A	0.0C	0.0%	0.0Ah	0.0V	0.0A	0 0 0	
10	0.00V		0.0C	0.0%	0.0Ah	0.0V	0.0A	0 0 0	Details
	0.00V	0.00A		0.0%	0.0Ah			0000	Data
				0.0%	0.0Ah			0 0 0	
					0.0Ah			0000	
				0.0%	0.0Ah				
								0 0 0	

#### **CURVE PAGE-SOLAR & LOAD & GRID**



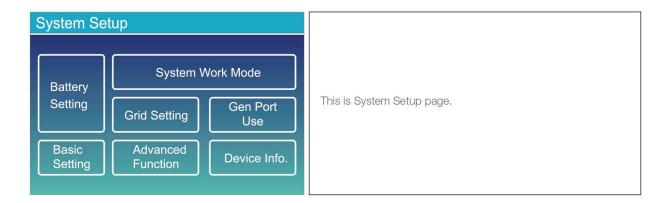




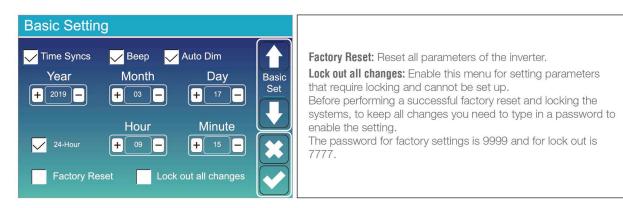


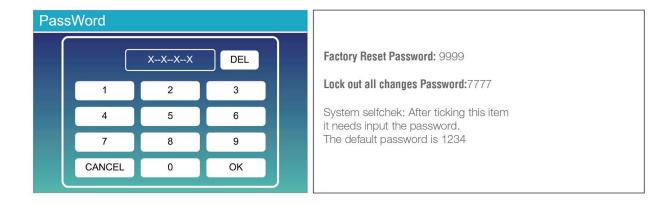
Solar power curve for daily, monthly, yearly and total can be roughly checked on the LCD, for more accuracy power generation, pls check on the monitoring system. Click the up and down arrow to check power curve of different period.

#### SYSTEM SETUP MENU



#### **BASIC SETUP MENU**





#### **BATTERY SETUP MENU**



Battery capacity: it tells Deye hybrid inverter to know your battery bank size.

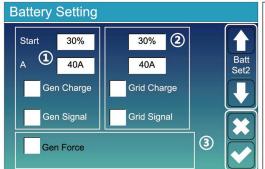
Use Batt V: Use Battery Voltage for all the settings (V). Use Batt %: Use Battery SOc for all the settings (%). Max. A charge/discharge: Max battery charge/discharge current(O-70A for 3kW model, 0-90A for 3.6kW model,0-120A for 5kW model,0-135A for 6kW model). For AGM and Flooded, we recommend Ah battervsize x 20%= Charge/Discharge amps.

. For Lithium, we recommend Ah battery size x 50%= Charge/Discharge amps.

. For Gel, follow manufacturer's instructions.

Active battery: This feature will help recover a battery that is over discharged by slowly charging from the solar array or grid.

Disable Float Charge: For the lithium battery with BMS communication, the inverter will keep the charging voltage at the current voltage when the BMS charging current requested is 0. It is used to help prevent battery from being overcharged.



#### This is Battery Setup page. (1) (3)

Start =30%: Percent S.O.C at 30% system will AutoStart a connected generator to charge the battery bank.

**A= 40A:** Charge rate of 40A from the attached generator in

Gen Charge: uses the gen input of the system to charge battery bank from an attached generator.

Gen Signal: Normally open relay that closes when the Gen Start signal state is active.

Gen Force: When the generator is connected, it is forced to start the generator without meeting other conditions.

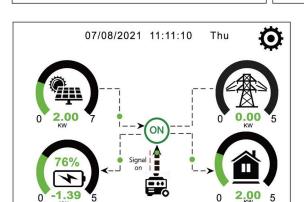
This is Grid charge, you need select. (2)

Start =30%: No use, Just for customization.

A= 40A: It indicates the Current that the Grid charges the Battery.

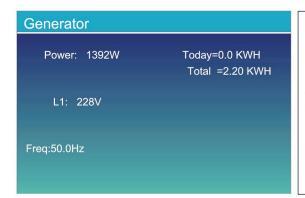
Grid Charge: It indicates that the grid charges the battery.

Grid Signal: Disable.

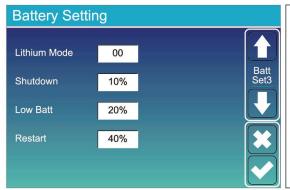


This page tells the PV and diesel generator power the load and battery

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This page tells generator output voltage, frequency, power. And, how much energy is used from generator.

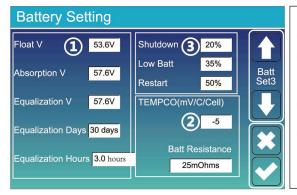


**Lithium Mode:** This is BMS protocol.Please reference the document(Approved Battery).

 $\mbox{\bf Shutdown 10\%:}$  It indicates the inverter will shutdown if the soc below this value.

**Low Batt 20%:** It indicates the inverter will alarm if the SOC below this value.

Restart 40%: Battery voltage at 40% AC output will resume.



#### There are 3 stages of charging the Battery

(1)

This is for professional installers, you can keep it if you do not know.



 $\mbox{\bf Shutdown 20\%:}$  The inverter will shutdown if the SOC below this value.

**Low Batt 35%:** The inverter will alarm if the SOC below this value.

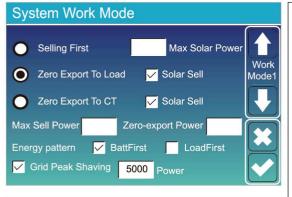


Restart 50%: Battery SOC at 50% AC output will resume.

#### Recommended battery settings

Battery Type	Absorption Stage	Float Stage	Torque value (every 30 days 3hr )
AGM (or PCC)	14.2V(57.6V)	13.4V(53.6V)	14.2V(57.6V)
Gel	14.1V(56.4V)	13.5V(54.0V)	
Wet	14.7V(59.0V)	13.7V(55.0V)	14.7V(59.0V)
Lithium	Follow its BMS voltage parameters		

#### SYSTEM WORK MODE SETUP MENU



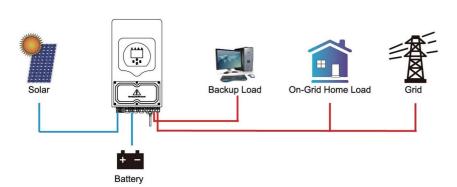
#### Work Mode

**Selling First:** This Mode allows hybrid inverter to sell back any excess power produced by the solar panels to the grid. If time of use is active, the battery energy also can be sold into grid.

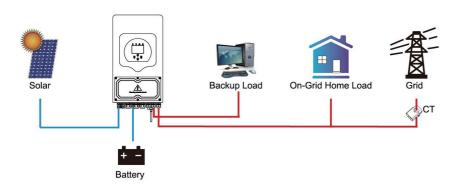
The PV energy will be used to power the load and chargethe battery and then excess energy will flow to grid. Power source priority for the load is as follows:

- 1. Solar Panels.
- 2 Grid
- 3. Batteries (until programable % discharge is reached).

**Zero Export To Load:** Hybrid inverter will only provide power to the backup load connected. The hybrid inverter will neither provide power to the home load nor sell power to grid. The built-in CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load and charge the battery.



**Zero Export To CT:**Hybrid inverter will not only provide power to the backup load connected but also give power to the home load connected. If PV power and battery power is insufficient, it will take grid energy as supplement. The hybrid inverter will not sell power to grid. In this mode, a CT is needed. The installation method of the CT please refer to chapter 3.6 CT Connection. The external CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load, charge battery and home load.



**Solar Sell:** "Solar sell" is for Zero export to load or Zero export to CT: when this item is active, the surplus energy can be sold back to grid. When it is active, PV Power source priority usage is as follows: load consumption and charge battery and feed into grid.

Max, sell power: Allowed the maximum output power to flow to grid.

**Zero-export Power:** for zero-export mode, it tells the grid output power. Recommend to set it as 20-100W to ensure the hybrid inverter won't feed power to grid.

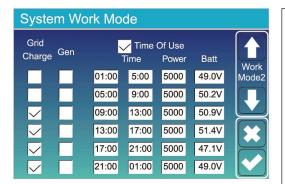
Energy Pattern: PV Power source priority

**Batt First:** pV power is firstly used to charge the battery and then used to power the load. If pV power is insufficient, grid will make supplement for battery and load simultaneously.

**Load First:** PV power is firstly used to power the load and then used to charge the battery. If PV power is insufficient, grid will make supplement for battery and load simultaneously.

Max Solar Power: allowed the maximum DC input power

**Grid Peak-shaving:** when it is active, grid output power will be limited within the set value. If the load power exceeds the allowed value, it will take PV energy and battery as supplement. If still can't meet the load requirement, grid power will increase to meet the load needs.



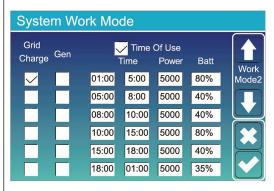
**Time of use:** it is used to program when to use grid or generator to charge the battery, and when to discharge the battery to power the load.Only tick "Time Of Use"then the follow items (Grid, charge, time, power etc.)will take effect.

**Note:** when in selling first mode and click time of use, the battery power can be sold into grid.

**Grid charge:** utilize grid to charge the battery in a timeperiod. **Gen charge:** utilize diesel generator to charge the battery in a time period.

**Time:** real time, range of 01:00-24:00.

Batt(V or SOC %): battery SOC% or voltage at when the action is to happen.



#### For example:

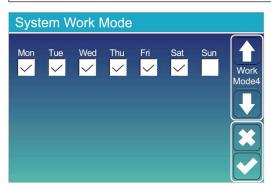
During 01:00-05:00, when battery SOC is lower than 80%, it will use grid to charge the battery until battery SOC reaches 80%.

During 05:00-08:00 and 08:00-10:00, when battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

During 10:00-15:00, when battery SOC is higher than 80%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 80%.

During 15:00-18:00, when battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

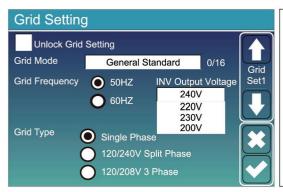
During 18:00-01:00, when battery SOC is higher than 35%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 35%.



It allows users to choose which day to execute the setting of "Time of Use".

For example, the inverter will execute the time of use page on Mon/Tue/Wed/Thu/Fri/Sat only.

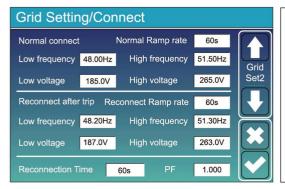
#### **GRID SETUP MENU**



**Unlock Grid Setting:** before changing the grid parameters, please enable this with password of 7777. Then it is allowed to change the grid parameters.

Grid Mode: General Standard、UL1741& IEEE1547、CPUC RULE21、SRD-UL-1741、CEI 0-21、EN50549\_Cz、Australia\_A、Australia\_B、Australia\_C、NewZealand、VDE4105、OVE\_Directive\_R25、EN50549\_CZ\_PPDS\_L16A、NRSO97、G98/G99、G98/G99\_NI、ESB Networks(Ireland).

Please follow the local grid code and then choose the corresponding grid standard.



**Normal connect:** The allowed grid voltage/frequency range when the inverter first time connect to the grid.

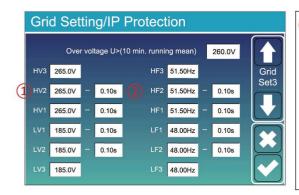
Normal Ramp rate: It is the startup power ramp.

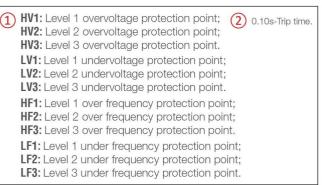
**Reconnect after trip:** The allowed grid voltage /frequency range for the inverter connects the grid after the inverter trip from the grid.

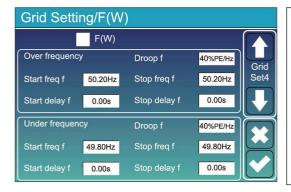
**Reconnect Ramp rate:**It is the reconnection power ramp.

**Reconnection time:** The waiting time period for theinverter connects the grid again.

PF: Power factor which is used to adjust inverter reactive power.



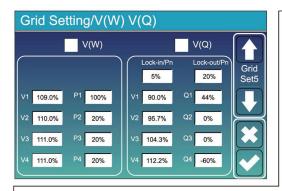




**FW:** this series inverter is able to adjust inverter output power according to grid frequency.

**Droop f:** percentage of nominal power per Hz For example, "Start freq f >50.2Hz, Stop freq f<50.2, Droop f=40%PE/Hz"when the grid frequency reaches 50.2Hz, the inverter will decrease its active power at Droop f of 40%. And then when grid system frequency is less than 50.2Hz, the inverter will stop decreasing output power.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.



**V(W):** It is used to adjust the inverter active power according to the set grid voltage.

**V(Q):** It is used to adjust the inverter reactive power according to the set grid voltage.

This function is used to adjust inverter output power(active power and reactive power) when grid voltagechanges.

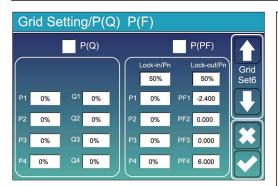
**Lock-in/Pn 5%:** When the inverter active power is lessthan 5% rated power, the vQ mode will not take effect.

**Lock-out/Pn 20%:** If the inverter active power is increasing from 5% to 20% rated power, the vQ mode will take effect again.

For example: V2=110%, P2=20%. When the grid voltage reaches the 110% times of rated grid voltage, inverter output power will reduce its active output power to 20% rated power.

For example: V1=90%,Q1=44%. When the grid voltage reaches the 90% times of rated grid voltage,inverter output power will output 44% reactive output power.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.

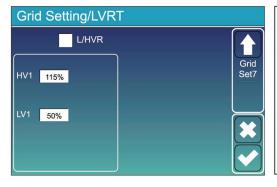


**P(Q):** It is used to adjust the inverter reactive power according to the set active power.

**P(PF):** It is used to adjust the inverter PF according to the set active power.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.

**Lock-in/Pn 50%:** When the inverter output active power is less then 50% rated power, it won't enter the P(PF) mode. **Lock-out/Pn 50%:** When the inverter output active power is higher then 50% rated power, it 'will enter the P(PF) mode. Note: only when the grid voltage is equal to or higher than 1.05times of rated grid voltage, then the P(PF) mode will take effect



**Reserved:** This function is reserved. It is no trecommended.

#### THE METHOD OF CEI-021 STANDARD SELF-CHECK



Firstly, tick the "CEI-021" and "Single phase/50Hz" on the grid setting menu.





Secondly, tick "System selfchek",

then it will ask you input the password,and the default password is 1234.

Note: please don't tick"CEI-021 Report ".

This "System selfcheck" program is valid only afterchoosing grid type as "CEI-021".

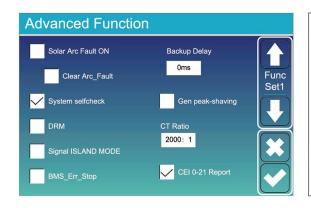


The default password is 1234
After input the password and then tick "OK"

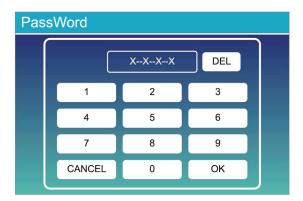
Inverter ID: 2012041234 Self-Test OK 8/8 Testing 59.S1... Test 59.S1 OK! Testing 59.S2... Test 59.S2 OK! Testing 27.S1... Test 27.S1 OK! Testing 27.S2... Test 27.S2 OK! Testing 81>S1... Test 81>S1 OK! Testing 81>S2... Test 81>S2 OK! Testing 81<S1... Test 81<S1 OK! Testing 81<S2... Test 81<S2 OK!

During the self-test process, all the indicators will be on and the alarm keeps on.

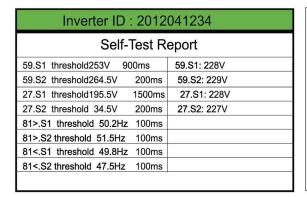
When all the test items shows OK, which means the self-test is completed successfully.



then press "esc" button to quit from this page. Tick "system selfcheck"on the Advanced function menu and tick"CEI-021 Report".

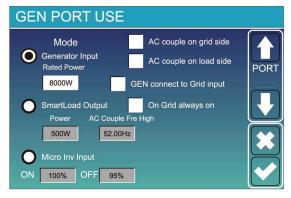


then press "esc" button to quit from this page. Tick "system selfcheck" on the Advanced function menu and tick "CEI-021 Report".



This page will shows the test result of "CEI-021 self-check".

#### **GENERATOR PORT USE SETUP MENU**



**Generator input rated power:** allowed Max.power from diesel generator.

**GEN connect to grid input:** connect the diesel generator to the grid input port.

**Smart Load Output:** This mode utilizes the Gen input connectionas an output which only receives power when the battery Socand PV power is above a user programmable threshold.

**e.g. Power=500W, ON: 100%, OFF=95%:** When the PV power exceeds 500W, and battery bank SOC reaches 100%, Smart Load Port will switch on automatically and power the load connected. When the battery bank Soc<95% or PV power < 500w, the Smart Load Port will switch off automatically.

#### **Smart Load OFF Batt**

Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch off.

#### **Smart Load ON Batt**

 Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch on. Also, the PV input power should exceed the setting value (Power).simultaneously, and then.the. Smart load .will switch.on...

On Grid always on: When click "on Grid always on" the smart load will switch on when the grid is present.

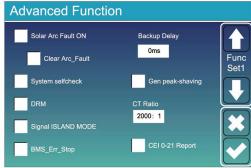
Micro Inv Input: To use the Generator input port as a micro-inverter on grid inverter input (AC coupled), this feature wilalso work with "Grid-Tied" inverters.

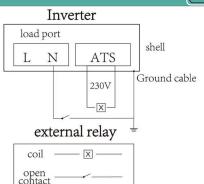
- \*Micro Inv Input OFF: when the battery SOC exceeds setting value, Microinveter or grid-tied inverter will shut down.
- \*Micro Inv Input ON: when the battery SOC is lower than setting value, Microinveter or grid-tied inverter will start to work.

**AC Couple Fre High:** If choosing "Micro Inv input, as the battery SOC reaches gradually setting value (OFF), During the process, the microinverter output power will decrease linear. When the battery SOC equals to the setting value (OFF), the system frequency will become the setting value (AC couple Fre high) and the Microinverter will stop working. Stop exporting power produced by the microinverter to the grid.

- \*Note: Micro Inv Input OFF and On is valid for some certain FW version only.
- \*AC couple on load side: connecting the output of on-grid inverter at the load port of the hybrid inverter. In this situation, the hybrid inverter will not able to show the load power correctly.
- \*Ac couple on grid side: this function is reserved.
- \*Note: Some firmware versions don't have this function.

#### ADVANCED FUNCTION SETUP MENU





Solar Arc Fault ON: This is only for US.

System selfcheck: Disable. this is only for factory.

**Gen Peak-shaving:** Enable When the power of the generator exceeds the rated value of it, the inverter will provide the redundant part to ensure that the generator will not overload.

DRM: For AS4777 standard.

**Backup Delay:** When the grid cuts off, the inverter willgive output power after the seting time.

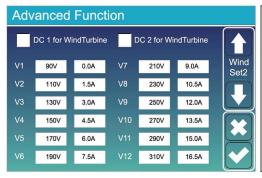
For example, backup delay: 3ms. the inverter will giveoutput power after 3ms when the grid cuts off.

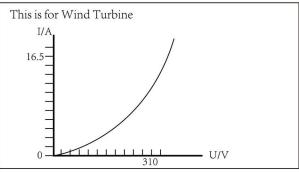
Note: for some old FW version, the function is notiable.

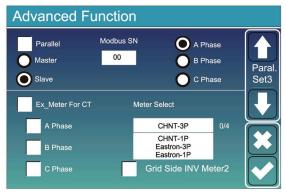
**BMS\_Err\_Stop:** When it is active, if the battery BMS failed to communicate with inverter, the inverter will stop working and report fault.

**Signal ISLAND MODE:** when "signal island mode" is checked and the inverter connects the grid, the ATS port voltage will be 0. When "signal island mode" is checked and the inverter disconnected from the grid, the ATS port voltage will output 230Vac voltage. With this feature and outside NO type relay, it can realize N and PE disconnection or bond.

More details, please refer to left side picture.



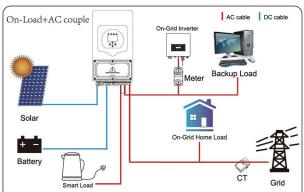


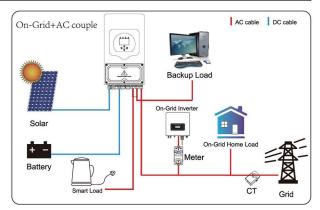


**Ex\_Meter For CT:** when in Three phase system with CHNT Three phase energy meter (DTSU666), click corresponding phase where hybrid inverter is connected.e.g. when the hybrid inverter output connects to A phase, please click A Phase.

**Meter Select:** select the corresponding meter type according to the meter installed in the system.

**Grid Side INV Meter2:** when there's a string inverter AC couple at the grid or load side of hybrid inverter and there's a meter installed for the string inverter, then the hybrid inverter LCD will show the string inverter outputpower on its PV icon. Please make sure the meter canc ommunicate with the hybrid inverter successfully.

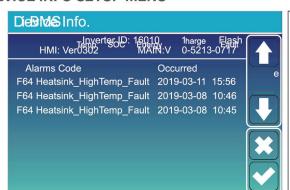






**ATS:** It is related with ATS port voltage. it is better in "uncheck" position.

#### **DEVICE INFO SETUP MENU**



This page show Inverter ID, Inverter version and alarmcodes.

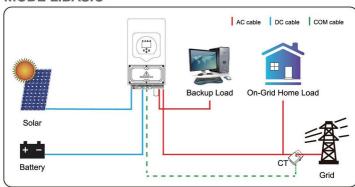
HMI: LCD version

MAIN: Control board FW version

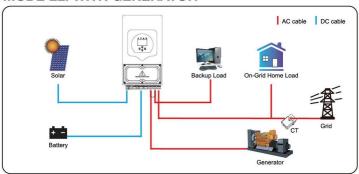
## **MODE**

### **MODE**

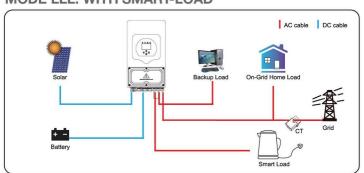
## MODE L:BASIC



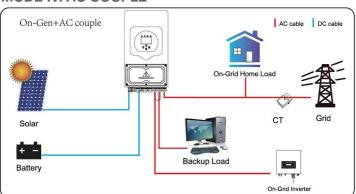
## MODE LL: WITH GENERATOR

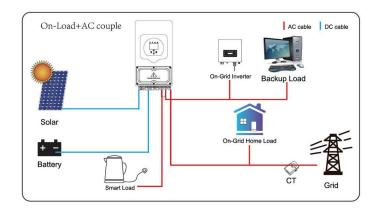


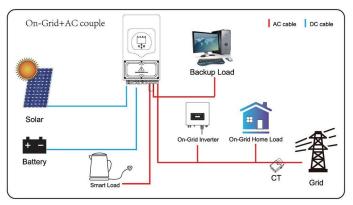
## MODE LLL: WITH SMART-LOAD



## **MODE IV: AC COUPLE**









The 1st priority power of the system is always the PV power, then 2nd and 3rd priority power will be the battery bank or grid according to the settings.

The last power backup will be the Generator if it is available.

#### **FAULT INFORMATION AND PROCESSING**

The energy storage inverter is designed according to the grid-connected operation standard and meets the safety requirements and electromagnetic compatibility requirements. Befor eleaving the factory, the inverter undergoes several rigorous tests to ensure that the inverter can operate reliably.



If any of the fault messages listed in Table 7-1 appear on your inverter and thefault has not been removed after restarting, please contact your loca dealer or service center. You need to have the following information ready.

- Inverter serial number;
- Distributor or service center of the inverter;
- On-grid power generation date;
- The problem description (including the fault code and indicator status displayed on the LCD) is as detailed as possible.
- Your contact information. In order to give you a clearer understanding of the inverter's fault information, we
  will list all possible fault codes and their descriptions when the inverter is not working properly.

Error code	Description	Solutions
FO8	GFDI_Relay_Failure	When inverter is in Split phase(120/240Vac) or three-phase system (120/208Vac) system, the backup load port N line needs to connect ground;
		2. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F13	Working mode change	<ol> <li>When the grid type and frequency changed it will report F13;</li> <li>When the battery mode was changed to "No battery" mode, it will report F13;</li> <li>For some old FW version, it will report F13 when the system work mode changed;</li> <li>Generally, it will disappear automatically when shows F13;</li> <li>If still same, and turn off the DC switch and AC switch and wait for one minute and then turn on the DC/AC switch;</li> <li>Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.</li> </ol>
F18	AC over current fault of hardware	AC side over current fault  1. Please check whether the backup load power and common load power are within the range;  2. Restart and check whether it is in normal;  3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F20	DC over current fault of the hardware	DC side over current fault  1. Check PV module connect and battery connect;  2. When in the off-grid mode, the inverter startup with big power load, it may report F20. Please reduce the load power connected;  3. Turn off the DC switch and AC switch and then wait one minute, then turn on the DCIAC switch again;  4. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F22	Tz_EmergStop_Fault	Please contact your installer for help.
F23	AC leakage current is transient over current	Leakage current fault  1. Check PV side cable ground connection.  2. Restart the system 2~3 times.  3. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F24	DC insulation impedance failure	PV isolation resistance is too low  1. Check the connection of PV panels and inverter is firmly and correctly;  2. Check whether the PE cable of inverter is connected to ground;
F26	The DC busbar is unbalanced	<ol> <li>Please wait for a while and check whether it is normal;</li> <li>When the hybrid in split phase mode, and the load of L1 and load of L2 is big different, it will report the F26.</li> <li>Restart the system 2~3 times</li> <li>Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.</li> </ol>
F29	Parallel CANBus fault	<ol> <li>When in parallel mode, check the parallel communication cable connection and hybrid inverter communication address setting;</li> <li>During the parallel system startup period, inverters will report F29.when all inverters are in ON status, it will disappear automatically;</li> <li>Ifthe fault still exists, please contact us for help.</li> </ol>

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Error code	Description	Solutions
F34	AC Overcurrent fault	1.Check the backup load connected, make sure it is in allowed power range;     2.If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F35	No AC grid	No Utility 1. Please confirm grid is lost or not; 2. Check the grid connection is good or not; 3. Check the switch between inverter and grid is on or not; 4. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F41	Parallel system stop	1. Check the hybrid inverter working status. If there's 1 pcshybrid inverter is in OFF status, the other hybrid invertersmay report F41 fault in parallel system.  2. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F42	AC line low voltage	Grid voltage fault  1. Check the AC voltage is in the range of standard voltage in specification;  2. Check whether grid AC cables are firmly and correctly connected;  3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F47	AC over frequency	Grid frequency out of range  1. Check the frequency is in the range ofspecification or not;  2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected:  3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F48	AC lower frequency	Grid frequency out of range  1. Check the frequency is in the range ofspecification or not;  2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected:  3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F56	DC busbar voltage is too low	Battery voltage low 1. Check whether battery voltage is too low; 2. If the battery voltage is too low, using PV or grid to charge the battery; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F58	BMS communication fault	it tells the communication between hybrid inverter and batteryBMS disconnected when "BMS Err-Stop" is active;     if don't want to see this happen, you can disable "BMS Err-Stop" item on the LCD;     if the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F63	ARC fault	<ol> <li>ARC fault detection is only for US market;</li> <li>Check PV module cable connection and clear the fault;</li> <li>Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.</li> </ol>
F64	Heat sink high temperature failure	Heat sink temperature is too high  1. Check whether the work environment temperature is too high;  2. Turn off the inverter for 10mins and restart;  3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.

Under the guidance of our company, customers return our products so that our company can provide service of maintenance or replacement of products of the same value. Customers need to pay the necessary freight and other related costs. Any replacement or repair of the product will cover the remaining warranty period of the product. If any part of the product or product is replaced by the company itself during the warranty period, all rights and interests of the replacement product or component belong to the company. Factory warranty does not include damage due to the following reasons:

- Damage during transportation of equipment;
- Damage caused by incorrect installation or commissioning;
- Damage caused by failure to comply with operation instructions, installation instructions or maintenance instructions:
- Damage caused by attempts to modify, alter or repair products;
- Damage caused by incorrect use or operation;
- Damage caused by insufficient ventilation of equipment;
- Damage caused by failure to comply with applicable safety standards or regulations;
- Damage caused by natural disasters or force majeure (e.g, floods, lightning, overvoltage, storms, fires, etc.

In addition, normal wear or any other failure will not affect the basic operation of the product Any external scratches, stains or natural mechanical wear does not represent a defect in the product.

#### LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

In addition to the product warranty described above, the state and local laws and regulations provide financial compensation for the product's power connection (including violation of implied terms and warranties). The company hereby declares that the terms and conditions of the product and the policy cannot and can only legally exclude all liability within a limited scope.

## DATASHEET

Model	LHS-LV-3.6K F1	LHS-LV-5K F1	LHS-LV-6K F1
Battery Input Data			
Battery Type		Lead-acid or Lithium-ion	
Battery Voltage Range(V)		40-60	
Max. Charging Current(A)	90	120	135
Max. Discharging Current(A)	90	120	135
Charging Strategy for Li-Ion Battery		Self-adaption to BMS	
Number of Battery Input		1	
PV String Input Data			
Max. PV Input Power(W)	4680	6500	7800
Max. PV Input Voltage(V)		500	
Start-up Voltage(V)		125	
PV Input Voltage Range(V)		125-500	
MPPT Voltage Range(V)		150-425	
Full Load MPPT Voltage Range(V)		300-425	
Rated pV Input Voltage(V)		370	
Max. Operating PV Input Current(A)		13+13	
Max. Input Short-Circuit Current(A)		17+17	
No. of MPP Trackers/No. of Strings per MPP Tracker		2/1+1	
Max. Inverter Backfeed Current to The Array		0	
AC Input/Output Data			
Rated AC Input/Output Active Power(W)	3600	5000	6000
Max. AC Input/Output Apparent Power(VA)	3960	5500	6600
Peak Power (off-grid)(W)	2	2 times of rated power, 10	S
Rated AC Input/Output Current(A)	16.4/15.7	22.7/21.7	27.3/26.1
Max. AC Input/Output Current(A)	18/17.2	25/23.9	30/28.7
Max. Continuous AC Passthrough (grid to load)(A)	3	35	40
Max. Output Fault Current(A)	36	50	60
Max. Output Overcurrent Protection(A)		80	
Rated Input/Output Voltage/Range(V)		220V/230V 0.85Un-1.1U	n
Grid Connection Form		L+N+PE	
Rated input/Output Grid Frequency/Range	50H:	z/45Hz-55Hz 60Hz/55Hz	z-65Hz
Power Factor Adjustment Range		0.8 leading-0.8 lagging	
Total Current Harmonic Distortion THDit		80	
DC Injection Current		80	
Effciency			
Max. Efficiency		97.60%	
Euro Efficiency	96.50%		
MPPT Efficiency		>99%	
Equipment Protection			
DC Polarity Reverse Connection Protection		Yes	
AC Output Overcurrent Protection		Yes	
AC Output Overvoltage Protection		Yes	
AC Output Short Circuit Protection		Yes	
Thermal Protection		Yes	
DC Terminal insulation Impedance Monitoring		Yes	

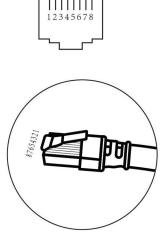
DC Component Monitoring	Yes
Ground Fault Current Monitoring	Yes
Power Network Monitoring	Yes
Island Protection Monitoring	Yes
Earth Fault Detection	Yes
DC Input switch	Yes
Overvoltage Load Drop Protection	Yes
Residual Current (RCD) Detection	Yes
Surge Protection Level	TYPE II(DC), TYPE II(AC)
Interface	
Display	LCD+LED
Communication interface	RS232,RS485,CAN
Monitor Mode	WIFI
General Data	
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +60°C,>45°C Derating
Permissible Ambient Humidity	0-100%
Permissible Altitude	2000m
Noise	<30 dB
Ingress Protection(IP) Rating	IP 65
Inverter Topology	Non-Isolated
Over Voltage Category	OVC II(DC), OVC II(AC)
Cabinet size(W*H*D)[mm]	330W×580H×232D (Excluding connectors and brackets)
Weight(kg)	25
Warranty	10 Years the Warranty Period Depends the Final Installation Site of Inverter, More Info Please Refer to Warranty Policy
Type of cooling	Intelligent Air Cooling
Grid Regulation	IEC 61727,IEC 62116,CEI 0-21,EN 50549,NRS 097,RD 140, UNE 217002,OVE-Richtlinie R25,699,VDE-AR-N 4105
Safety EMC/Standard	IEC/EN 61000-6-1/2/3/4, IEC/EN 62109-1,IEC/EN 62109-2

# **APPENDIX I**

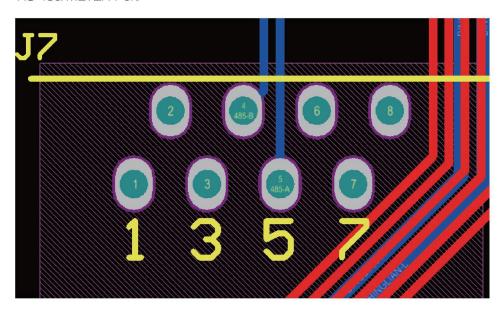
## **APPENDIX I**

## Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for BMS485

No.	BMS485 Pin
1	
2	
3	
4	485_B
5	485_A
6	
7	
8	



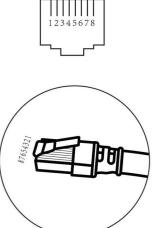
## RS 485/METER Port



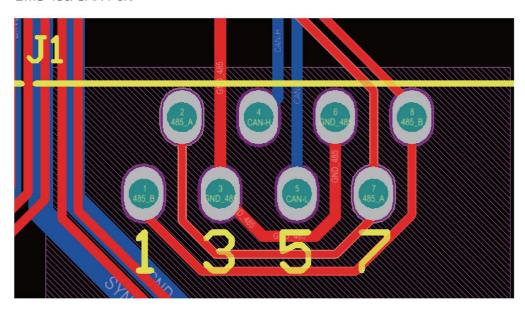
# **APPENDIX I**

## Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for BMS485

No.	BMS485 Pin
1	485_B
2	485_A
3	GND_485
4	CAN-H
5	CAN-L
6	GND_485
7	485_A
8	485_B



## BMS 485/CAN Port

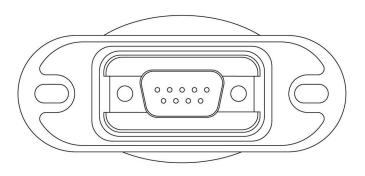


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# **APPENDIX I**

## RS232

No.	WIFI/RS232
1	
2	TX
3	RX
4	
5	D-GND
6	
7	
8	
9	12Vdc



WIFI/RS232

This RS232 port is used to connect the wifi datalogger

## **APPENDIX II**

#### **APPENDIX II**

- Split Core Current Transformer (CT) dimension: (mm)
- Secondary output cable length is 4m.

